

**Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering
University of Massachusetts Amherst**

**ECE580, Fall 2004
Midterm Exam**

This is a closed book exam.

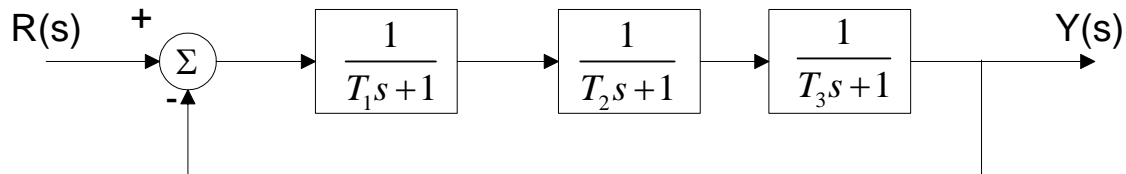
Explain answers *fully*.

This is a two hour exam. Total score is 100 points.

Please sign the ECE Honor Code Page and submit it with your completed exam.

Problem 1 (15 points)

We have the following system:



This closed-loop system is

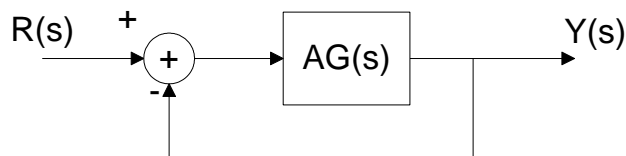
- (1) Definitely stable since every block is a first-order system;
- (2) Not stable since this is a closed-loop system;
- (3) Definitely stable since all the coefficients in the characteristic polynomial are positive;
- (4) None of the above.

Choose the right answer (only one) and explain it.

Problem 2 (15 points)

Define $G(s) = \frac{1}{K} \frac{1}{\left(\frac{s}{\omega_n}\right)^2 + 2\zeta\left(\frac{s}{\omega_n}\right) + 1}$ and consider the control system shown below. Take

$0 < \zeta < 1$.

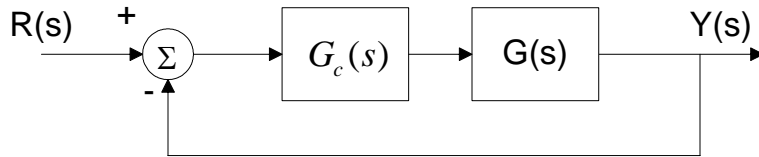


- (1) Does changing the constant factor A change the frequency of oscillation of the output $y(t)$ when the input $r(t)$ is a unit impulse? Explain.
- (2) Does changing the constant factor A change the time required for the oscillatory impulse response to decay away? Why?

Hint: Calculate the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{\omega_n^2}{s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2}$

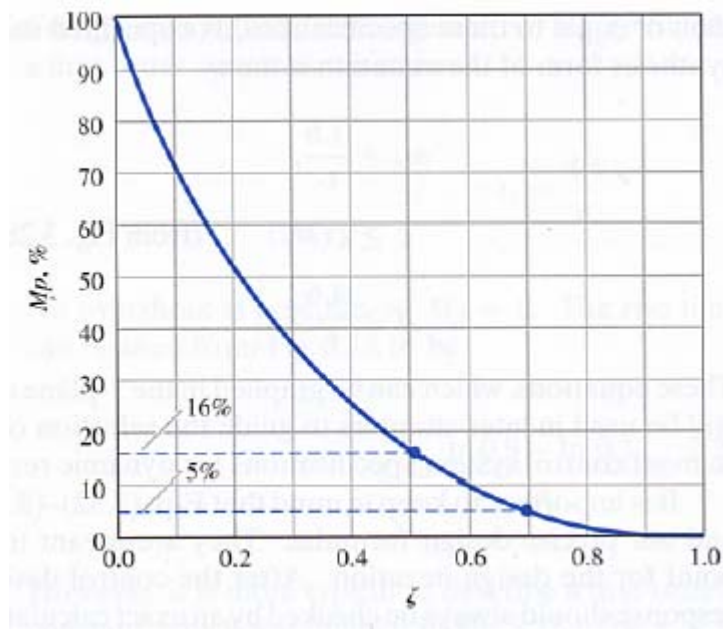
Problem 3 (20 points)

Consider the system shown in the following figure.



Let $G(s) = \frac{1}{s(s+3)}$, $G_c(s) = \frac{Ks}{s+p}$

Find K, p such that the closed loop system has a 5% overshoot to a step input and a settling time of $\frac{3}{4}$ s (5% criterion). Note that the settling time for 5% criterion is $\frac{3}{\sigma}$ (where σ is the real part of the closed loop poles). You need to check the following figure for the overshoot-damping ratio relation.



Overshoot M_p versus damping ratio ζ
for the second-order system

Problem 4 (15 points)

Use Routh-Hurwitz criterion to prove that if $abc - c^2 - a^2d > 0$ where a, b, c and d are positive real numbers then the system

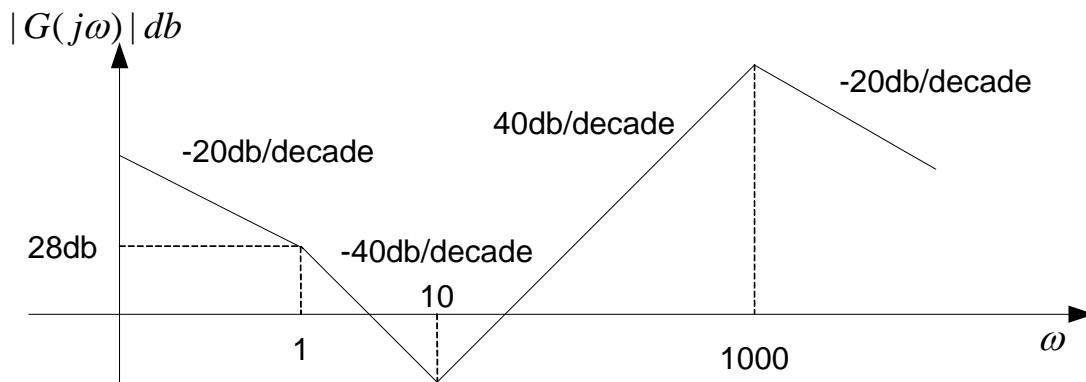
$$\frac{as + b}{s^4 + as^3 + bs^2 + cs + d}$$

is stable.

Problem 5 (20 points)

Consider the following open-loop frequency response. Assume that the open-loop system is a minimum phase system with gain constant K as

$$\frac{K(T_a s + 1)(T_b s + 1) \dots}{s^n (T_1 s + 1)(T_2 s + 1) \dots}$$



- (a) Determine the transfer function of the open-loop system;
- (b) Determine the system type and error constant (For unity-feedback control system)

Hint: the first segment of the asymptotes is $\frac{K}{j\omega}$

Problem 6 (15 points)

Consider an unity-feedback control system with the open-loop transfer function

$$G(s) = \frac{2as + a^2}{s^2}$$

For a unit-step input, consider the following performance indices:

$$J_1 = \int_0^{\infty} e^2(t) dt$$

$$J_2 = \int_0^{\infty} te^2(t) dt$$

where $e(t)$ is the system error. Use the final value theorem to calculate the values of J_1 and J_2 .

Hint: Note that

$$\int_0^{\infty} f(t)dt = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^t f(t)dt = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s \frac{F(s)}{s} \quad (F(s)=L[f(t)])$$

when all poles of $\frac{F(s)}{s}$ are in the left half of the s-plane.

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November 4, 2004

NAME

ECE Honor Code

On my honor, I have not given or received aid on this exam

SIGNATURE